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Motivation to a Deadlock Detection in Mobile Agents with Pseudo-Code

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ABSTRACT: The solution presented locates locality of reference during the deadlock detection process by migrating detector agents to query multiple blocked agents. To message each blocked agent individually and gather their responses at the shadow agent itself is an alternative to this single migration. The pseudo code provides a context for the solution and insight into the responsibilities and activities performed by each entity.

Keywords: Deadlock, Agents, pseudo code, detector, entity

I. INTRODUCTION

As presented in the previous section traditional distributed solutions commonly have fault and location assumptions that make them unsuitable for mobile agent systems. To solve this problem, mobile agent specific solutions are required. The properties of the presented deadlock detection algorithm illustrate how it is a fully adapted mobile agent solution. The presented technique is fault tolerant and robust. Lost agents or messages during the deadlock detection process do not represent a critical failure. This fault tolerance is due to three properties of the algorithm: the autonomous nature of the agents, the periodic

nature of the detection process and the copying of deadlock information. Shadow deadlock detection and consumer agents execute asynchronously. They do not depend on continual communication during the deadlock detection process. The algorithm is designed around incremental construction of the global wait-for graph. Finally, therefore if aportion of the graph is lost, the next update will recover that information. Hence copying of the partial wait-for graph into deadlock detection agents make the loss or failure of a particular deadlock detection agent trivial and has no impact on the detection process, outside of slowing the process. Additional safeguards can be built into the agent hosts. such as agent crash detection, to improve fault tolerance.

A. Algorithm Motivation and Agent Properties

By limiting the number of messages that would be required in other solutions the Detector migration

reduces network load. It is difficult to compare the network load of this mobile agent solution to that generated in traditional distributed deadlock detection solutions due to the significantly different paradigm and properties of the environment. This is due to the parallel /distributed nature of the technique, which enforces the lack of a central point of messaging and coordination. This reduces the risk of flash congestion and allows the technique to handle deadlock involving many blocked agents. The load is spread across many host environments, if the network load of the presented solution is considered as a whole. Additionally, network organization independence is guaranteed through a clear separation of mobile agents from the mechanics of routing and migration, the agents are not aware of the number of hosts in the mobile agent system and do not have explicit knowledge of resource locations. It should be noted that even though the solution is networking dependent, the topology is static once the algorithm begins. If the topology is allowed to change, a dynamic topology update protocol must execute in the background to provide new routes to the hosts.

A common use of mobile agents is to encapsulate complex protocols and interactions[6]. This technique uses the combination of shadow agents and deadlock detection agents to encapsulate a complex series of probes, interactions and acknowledgments. Additionally, these protocols are isolated from the consumer agent; therefore, can be easily modified and upgraded. The deadlock detection phase could be implemented as remote procedure calls or another fom of distributed programming, but would require network organization assumptions and the continual exchange of

messages. Detector and shadow agents cary out their deadlock detection tasks in an asynchronous manner. They coordinate their efforts in defined ways, but are able to keep working without regular contact and do not require constant supervision while carrying out tasks. This asynchronous and autonomous operation contributes to the previously discussed fault tolerance. For example, the combination of consumer, shadow and detector agents adapt to their environment to solve deadlock situations, shadow agents react independently to changing network conditions and the state of their target consumer agent to initiate the deadlock detection processing. Similarly, separation of the implementation from facilities specific to a particular mobile agent system or operating system detector agents can react to network failures or the requests of other agents while gathering global wait-for graph information. Allows the solution to execute in a heterogeneous environment. Moreover, the separation of replica and detector agents from the consuming agents they monitor, allows them to be adapted to many different environments without (or with minor) modifications to the entities performing the work.

II. DEADLOCK DETECTION PSEUDOCODE

This pseudo code provides a context for the solution and insight into the responsibilities and activities performed by each entity. This section presents pseudo-code of each element that plays a significant role in the presented solution. First, pseudo-code for the consumer, shadow and detection agent is presented. Finally, code for the mobile agent environment is presented.

```
A. Agent A
public class AgentA extends MobileAgent
{
public AgentA( String int heartbeat )
{
state = IDLE;
}
public void run()
{
while( true )
{
messages = getMessagesFromBlackboard( agentId );
processMessages( messages );
switch ( state )
{
case IDLE:
case WAITING:
break;
case MOVING:
if( currentHost is not targetEnvironment )
{
postRouteRequest( targetEnvironment ) ;
{
```

```
state = IDLE;
break;
{
sleep ( heartbeatDelay ) ;
private Vector processMessages( messages )
while ( more Messages )
if message was accepted remove from list;
return unprocessed messages;
private boolean processMessaget BlackboardEntry msg )
if ( message equals amove" AND state is IDLE )
targetEnvironment = get terget from message;
state = MOVING;
postBlackboardMsg( "route",
targetEnvironment):
else if( message eqyals "lockw AND
state is IDLE OR WAITING)
extract lock type and resource from message;
lockResource( lockType, resource );
if( message equals
ext ract resource f rom message;
unlockResource( resource );
AND state
private void lockResource(String locktype,
String resourceName)
if( lockType equals "exclusive")
get resource manager;
if resourceManager.lockResource( resourceName,
lockType ) succeeds
if( resourceName equals blockedResourceName )
state = IDLE;
else
state = WAITING;
blockedResourceName = resourceName;
postBlackboardMessage("agentBlock", resourceName );
private void unlockResource( String resourceName )
get Resource Manager
resourceManager.unlockResource(resourceName);
B. Agent B
public class ReplicaAgent extends MobileAgent
public ReplicaAgent (String id, String targetAgent, int
heartbeat)
```

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else

```
state = IDLE;
                                                              state = IDLE;
targetAgentName = targetAgent;
                                                              retVal = true;
reset locked resource list
reset detection info table
                                                              else if( message equals ablockedm ) )
reset detector agent
                                                              blockedTarget( attachment #l );
public void run()
                                                              retVal = true;
while( true )
                                                              else if( message equals wblocked ) )
if ( state is not MOVING )
                                                              unblockedTarget();
messages = getMessagesFrom BlackBoard();
                                                              retVal = true;
messages =processMessages(messages);
                                                              else if( message equals "deadlockReport" ) )
switch (state)
                                                              processReturnOfDetector( attachment#1, attachment #2,
case IDLE:
                                                              attachment #3);
break.
                                                              retVal = true;
get~messagesFromBlackboard();
processMessages( messages );
                                                              else if( message equals "deadlockInfoRequest") 1
case MOVING:
                                                              retVal = true:
if( currentHost is not targetEnvironment ) )
                                                              else
routeRequest( targetEnvironment );
                                                              retVal = super.processMessage( msg );
else
                                                              public void exit ()
state = IDLE;
                                                              if( detector )
break;
                                                              Remove (detector from host environment);
sleep (heartbeatDelay) ;
                                                              super. exit ();
                                                              private
                                                                       void
                                                                               addlock(
                                                                                           String
                                                                                                     environment, String
private Vector processMessages (messages)
                                                              resource, String owner, int priority1)
                                                              if( resource not already locked )
while( more Messages )
                                                              new resource Info(env, res, owner, priority1);
                                                              s t o r e resourceInfo i n locked resource list
processMessage( currentMessage );
if message processed remove from list;
return unprocessed messages;
                                                              Private void removeLock(Stringenv1, String
                                                              resourceName1)
private boolean processMessage(BlackboardEntry msg)
                                                              if (resourceName1 is in locked resource list)
Vector attachments = msg.getAttachments();
if( message equals "move" AND state is IDLE)
                                                              remove resource from locked resource list
String target = extract target from message;
targetEnvironment = target;
                                                              private void unblockedTarget1( )
state = MOVfNG;
                                                              state = IDLE;
else if( message equals "addLock" )
                                                              private void blockedTarget( Agent blockedAgent,
addlock( attachment #l,
                                                              String (resourceName)
attachent #2.
attachment #3.
                                                              State1 = TARGETBLOCKED;
attachment #4);
                                                              owner = query host environment for owner of resource;
                                                              blockedResourceName = resourceName;
retVal = true;
else if( message equals "removeLock" )
                                                              localAgents = query host environment about local agents;
                                                              if (owner in local Agents)
removelock (attachment #I, attachment #2);
                                                              Table .put ( targetAgentName, new DetectionInfo( .. ) );
```

```
Vector cycleVector = new Vector ();
Detector1 = new DetectorAgentO;
postBlackboardMsg( detector);
                                                             cyclevector add( resource we are blocked on );
postBlacKboardMsg( buildDetectorLocks () );
                                                             info = find entry in detectionInfoTable
numOfDetectionStarts++;
                                                             while( current entry agent name not equal to our target
1astDetectionStartTirne = current time;
                                                             agent)
                                                             info = find entry in detectionInfoTable;
                                                             cyclevector add( info );
private void processReturnOfDetector( DetectorAgent
agent)
switch( state )
                                                             return cyclevector;
case TARGET-BLOCKED:
                                                             private void checkForDetectorDeath()
if ( checkForDeadock( agent.getDetectionTables()
                                                             Date currentTime = current time;
reset detectionInfoTable;
                                                             BlackboardEntry msg;
case IDLE:
                                                             if( num0fDetectionStarts >0)
removeDetector();
                                                             postBlackboardMsg ( "inject", detector );
                                                             if( state is TARGET-BLOCKED )
switch (state)
                                                             postBlackboardMsg( "start", buildDetectorLocks();
case TARGET-BLOCKED:
postBlackboardMsg( " s t a r t " , buildDetectorLocks() );
                                                             else if( state is WAITING-FOR-UNLOCK )
numOfDetectionStarts++; )
                                                             resolveDeadlock( detector.getIdentifier());
1astDetectionStartTime = currenttime ;
                                                             detector.getToken() );
break;
case WAITING, FORUNLOCK:
                                                             1astDetectionStartTime = current time;
break;
                                                             }}}
                                                             C. Agent C
                                                             public class AgentC extends MobileAgent
p r i v a t e boolean checkForDeadlock( Vector
detectionTableList)
                                                             public AgentC (String id, int heartbeat,
                                                             ShadowAgent parent)
while ( detect Table List has more entries )
                                                             reset detection Table List:
detectionTable = current detection table ;
                                                             reset resources To Vist;
agent List = get agent list from det.;
                                                             reset targetEnvironment;
while( agent List has more entries )
                                                             reset targetResource;
                                                             state = IDLE;
detection Info = detection info;
                                                             set parent = parent;
if ( current agent name equals target Agent Name )
                                                             public void run ()
deadlockFound = True;
                                                             while (true)
                                                             if ( state is not MOVING )
return deadlockFound;
                                                             messages = getMessagesfromBlackboard ();
private void resolveDeadlock (DetectorAgent agent)
                                                             messages = processMessages( messages );
if( state is TARGETBLOCKED )
                                                             }
                                                             switch (state)
cycleList = findElementsInCycle( detectionInfoTable );
                                                             getMessagesfromBlackboard ();
while(cycleList has more elements)
                                                             processMessages( messages );
1ockToBreak = lowest priority resource;
                                                             case IDLE:
                                                             break:
i f (lockToBreak equals resource we are blocked on )
                                                             case MOVING:
                                                             if( currentHost is not targetEnvironment ) )
postBlackboardMsg( "unlock",LockToBreak );
state = WAITING-FOR-UNLOCK;
                                                             else
                                                             state = CHECKING-LOCKS;
private Vector findcycle ( Hashtable detectionInfoTable )
```

```
break;
                                                             detectionTablelist( new Vector 1);
if( current Host is not targetEnvironment )
                                                             start ingEnvironment (getHost ().getName ());
                                                             state ( MOVING );
if( host.unlockResource( targetResource, agentToNotify )
                                                             private void checklocks ()
( state = RETURN-FROM-UNLOCK);
                                                             while( shadowlist has more elements )
else
                                                             count expected responses;
state = IDLE;
                                                             if (expected responses > 0)
case RETURNRNFROM, the LOCK:
if( currentHost is not startingEnvironment )
                                                             state = WAITING-FOR-RESPONSE;
Shadow,removeLock( targetEnvironment, targetResource );
                                                             else
state = IDLE;
                                                             findNewTarget();
case DONE:
                                                              }
                                                             private void deadlockRequestResponse( newTable )
if( currenthost is not startingEnvironment )
                                                             shadowList = query current host for agents blocked on
state = REPORT-RESULTS;
                                                             the resource we are visiting;
                                                             expectedResponses--;
case CHECKING-LOCKS:
                                                             detectionTablelist.add( newTable );
checklocks ();
                                                             if( all expectertesponses received )
break;
case REPORT-RESULTS:
                                                             findNewTarget 0;
postMessageToBlackboard( shadowAgent, deadlockInfo );
break;
                                                             private void findNewTarget0
sleep( heartbeatDelay );
private Vector processMessages( messages )
                                                             if( more resource to visit )
                                                             get next resource;
while ( more Messages )
                                                             targetEnvironment = entry.getEnvName();
                                                             targetResource = entry.getResName();
processMessage( currentMessage );
                                                             {
if message processed remove from list;
                                                             else
                                                             targetEnvironment = startingEnvironment;
return unprocessed messages;
                                                             state = DONE;
private boolean processMessage( BlackboardEntry rnsg )
                                                             }}}
attachments = msg,getAttachments();
                                                             D. Host Environment
if( message equals "startW")
                                                             public class AgentEnvironment extends Thread
                                                             public AgentEnvironment( String name, int id, int
startDetection ( (Vector) attachment ;
                                                             (loggingLevel)
retVal = true:
else if( message equals "unlock" ) {
                                                             resourceManager = new ResourceManagerO;
startunlock (attachment #1, attachment #2,
                                                             topologyManager = new TopologyManager();
attachent #3);
                                                             reset agentTable;
retVal = true;
                                                             reset messageBoard;
message;
                                                             reset blockedAgentTable;
deadlockRequestResponse ( attachment #l );
                                                             globalIdentifier = id;
retVal = true;
                                                             state = PROCESSING;
else
                                                             public void run ()
super.processMessage( msg 1;
                                                             while( true )
return retVal;
                                                             checkErrorMessages();
                                                             updateRoutes ();
private void startDetection( resources )
                                                             sleep( 1000 );
( setVisitlist( resources ));
                                                             }
targetEnvironment( entry.getEnvlame() };
                                                             )
targetResource ( entry. getResName () );
```

```
public synchronized void agentEnter( Agent newAgent )
if( state is PROCESSING )
agentTable.put( newAgent );
newAgent.enter0;
private synchronized void agentExit( Agent 1eavlngAgent
if ( state is PROCESSING )
leavingAgent. exit();
private void agentBlock( Agent blockedAgent, String
resourceName)
replica = find replica agent for blockedAgent;
if (shadow found)
postBlackboardMsg( "blockedAgent", resourceName );
private void checkForMessages()
get messages from blackboard;
while ( more messages)
processMessage( current message );
private void processMessage( BlackboardEntry msg
attachments = rnsg.getAttachments0;
if( message equals "pause" ) )
state( PAUSED );
else if( message equals wresumen ) )
state( PROCESSING );
message equals
agentBlock ( msg . getAgent Id () , attachment t1
,attachment t2);
if( message equals 0)
routeRequest(msg.getAgentId(), attachment # 1 ,attachment
#2);
else if (( message equals *inject))
this.injectAgent( attachment)
else if( message equals "remove" ) )
removeAgent ( attachrnent #l );
private boolean routeRequest( String movingAgent,
EnvironmentToken token,
String targetEnv )
if( state() is PROCESSING )
moving Agent = get moving agent from agent tables;
return true;
```

```
if( check for shadow information in the token )
shadowAgentId = get shadow name from token;
If ( check for shadow agent in agent tables )
{
    shadow = get shadow agent from agent tables;
}
else
{
    retVal = f alse;
}}
if ( retVal is true )
(
    AgentEnvironment env = request route from topologyManager;
if ( env is not null )
(
```

III. CONCLUSION

The presented algorithm is designed with the unique properties and challenges of mobile agent systems as a motivating factor. As a result, the solution has some of the properties and features that are commonly found in mobile agent implementations. This section lists the properties of the proposed algorithm which make it a mobile agent solution. The solution is network organization independent. The algorithm makes no assumptions concerning network topology (i.e., ring). the number of hosts or node locations to support the solution. Resource-based routing and tracking of the nodes visited by a particular agent eliminate the need for explicit topology knowledge.

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